**K-means Clustering in Python**

K-means clustering is a clustering algorithm that aims to partition nn observations into kk clusters.

There are 3 steps:

* Initialization – K initial “means” (centroids) are generated at random
* Assignment – K clusters are created by associating each observation with the nearest centroid
* Update – The centroid of the clusters becomes the new mean

Assignment and Update are repeated iteratively until convergence

The end result is that the sum of squared errors is minimised between points and their respective centroids.

We’ll do this manually first, then show how it’s done using scikit-learn

Let’s view it in action using k=3:

In [1]:

## Initialisation

**import** **pandas** **as** **pd**

**import** **numpy** **as** **np**

**import** **matplotlib.pyplot** **as** **plt**

%**matplotlib** inline

df = pd.DataFrame({

'x': [12, 20, 28, 18, 29, 33, 24, 45, 45, 52, 51, 52, 55, 53, 55, 61, 64, 69, 72],

'y': [39, 36, 30, 52, 54, 46, 55, 59, 63, 70, 66, 63, 58, 23, 14, 8, 19, 7, 24]

})

np.random.seed(200)

k = 3

# centroids[i] = [x, y]

centroids = {

i+1: [np.random.randint(0, 80), np.random.randint(0, 80)]

**for** i **in** range(k)

}

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(5, 5))

plt.scatter(df['x'], df['y'], color='k')

colmap = {1: 'r', 2: 'g', 3: 'b'}

**for** i **in** centroids.keys():

plt.scatter(\*centroids[i], color=colmap[i])

plt.xlim(0, 80)

plt.ylim(0, 80)

plt.show()

In [2]:

## Assignment Stage

**def** assignment(df, centroids):

**for** i **in** centroids.keys():

# sqrt((x1 - x2)^2 - (y1 - y2)^2)

df['distance\_from\_{}'.format(i)] = (

np.sqrt(

(df['x'] - centroids[i][0]) \*\* 2

+ (df['y'] - centroids[i][1]) \*\* 2

)

)

centroid\_distance\_cols = ['distance\_from\_{}'.format(i) **for** i **in** centroids.keys()]

df['closest'] = df.loc[:, centroid\_distance\_cols].idxmin(axis=1)

df['closest'] = df['closest'].map(**lambda** x: int(x.lstrip('distance\_from\_')))

df['color'] = df['closest'].map(**lambda** x: colmap[x])

**return** df

df = assignment(df, centroids)

**print**(df.head())

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(5, 5))

plt.scatter(df['x'], df['y'], color=df['color'], alpha=0.5, edgecolor='k')

**for** i **in** centroids.keys():

plt.scatter(\*centroids[i], color=colmap[i])

plt.xlim(0, 80)

plt.ylim(0, 80)

plt.show()

x y distance\_from\_1 distance\_from\_2 distance\_from\_3 closest color

0 12 39 26.925824 56.080300 56.727418 1 r

1 20 36 20.880613 48.373546 53.150729 1 r

2 28 30 14.142136 41.761226 53.338541 1 r

3 18 52 36.878178 50.990195 44.102154 1 r

4 29 54 38.118237 40.804412 34.058773 3 b

In [3]:

## Update Stage

**import** **copy**

old\_centroids = copy.deepcopy(centroids)

**def** update(k):

**for** i **in** centroids.keys():

centroids[i][0] = np.mean(df[df['closest'] == i]['x'])

centroids[i][1] = np.mean(df[df['closest'] == i]['y'])

**return** k

centroids = update(centroids)

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(5, 5))

ax = plt.axes()

plt.scatter(df['x'], df['y'], color=df['color'], alpha=0.5, edgecolor='k')

**for** i **in** centroids.keys():

plt.scatter(\*centroids[i], color=colmap[i])

plt.xlim(0, 80)

plt.ylim(0, 80)

**for** i **in** old\_centroids.keys():

old\_x = old\_centroids[i][0]

old\_y = old\_centroids[i][1]

dx = (centroids[i][0] - old\_centroids[i][0]) \* 0.75

dy = (centroids[i][1] - old\_centroids[i][1]) \* 0.75

ax.arrow(old\_x, old\_y, dx, dy, head\_width=2, head\_length=3, fc=colmap[i], ec=colmap[i])

plt.show()

In [4]:

## Repeat Assigment Stage

df = assignment(df, centroids)

# Plot results

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(5, 5))

plt.scatter(df['x'], df['y'], color=df['color'], alpha=0.5, edgecolor='k')

**for** i **in** centroids.keys():

plt.scatter(\*centroids[i], color=colmap[i])

plt.xlim(0, 80)

plt.ylim(0, 80)

plt.show()

Note that one of the reds is now green and one of the blues is now red.

We are getting closer.

We now repeat until there are no changes to any of the clusters.

In [5]:

# Continue until all assigned categories don't change any more

**while** True:

closest\_centroids = df['closest'].copy(deep=True)

centroids = update(centroids)

df = assignment(df, centroids)

**if** closest\_centroids.equals(df['closest']):

**break**

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(5, 5))

plt.scatter(df['x'], df['y'], color=df['color'], alpha=0.5, edgecolor='k')

**for** i **in** centroids.keys():

plt.scatter(\*centroids[i], color=colmap[i])

plt.xlim(0, 80)

plt.ylim(0, 80)

plt.show()

So we have 3 clear clusters with 3 means at the centre of these clusters.